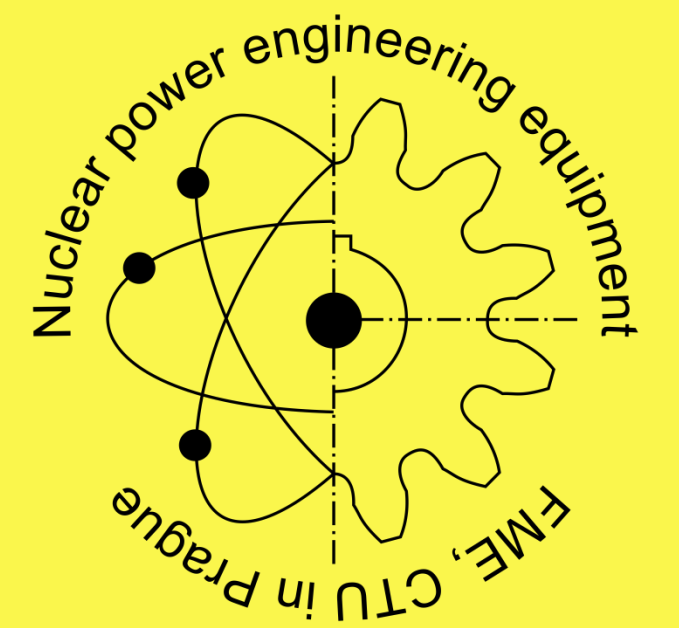


Validation of CFD Model of Spent Fuel Pool at NPP Temelin

Autors: Ondřej Burian, Pavel Zácha, Václav Železný

Czech Technical University in Prague, Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, Dpt. of Energy Engineering

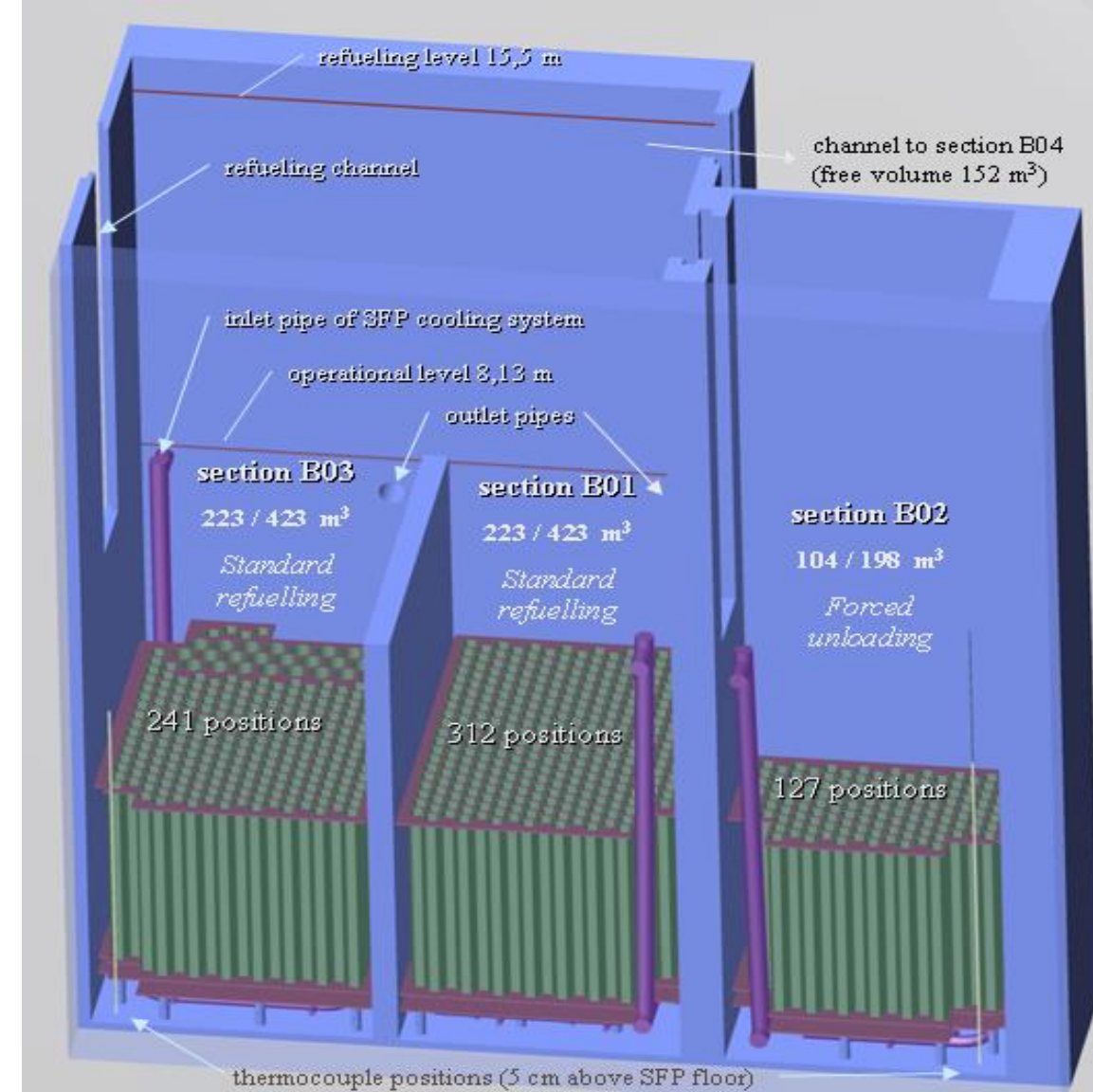


Introduction

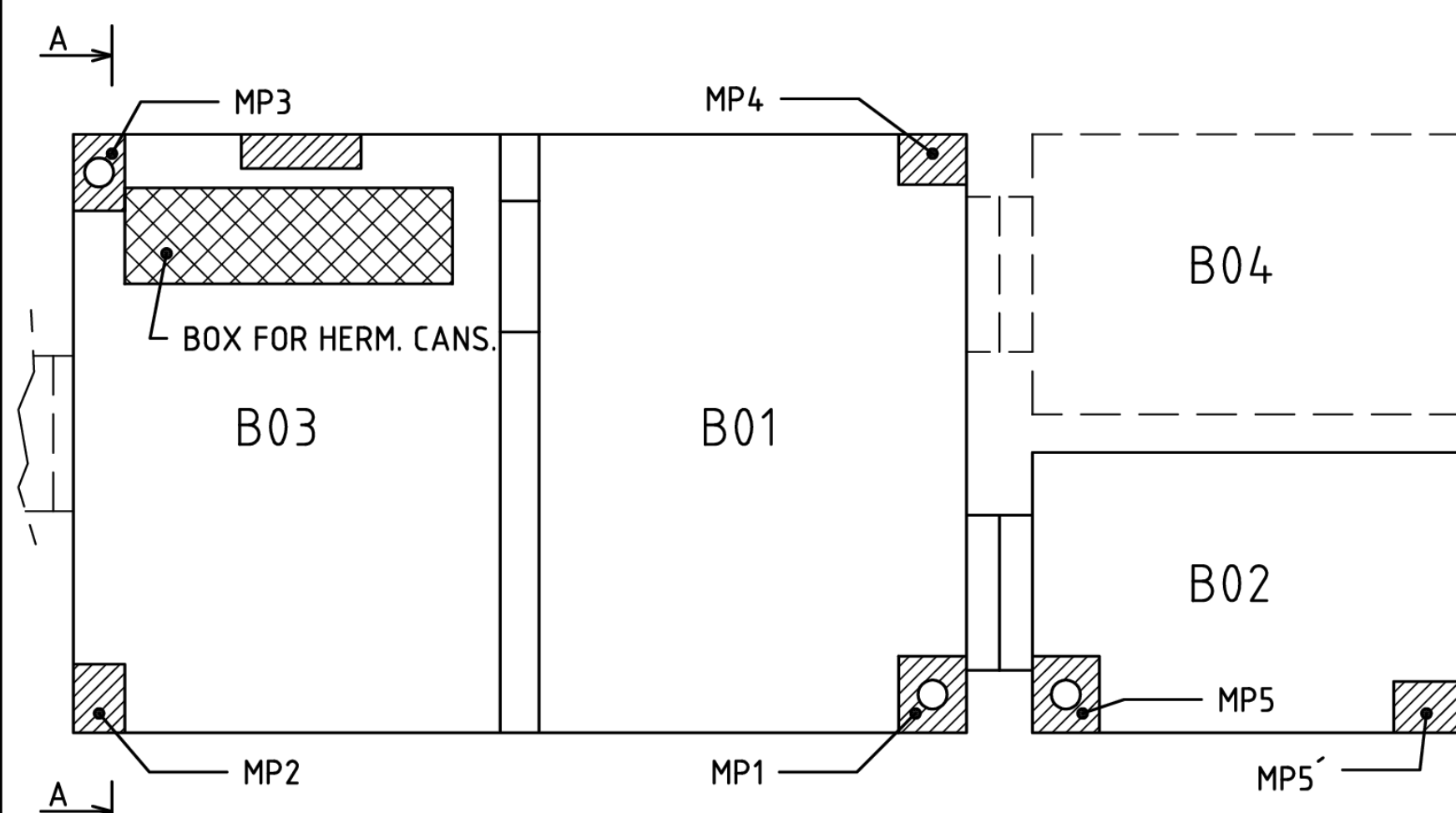
- CFD computational model of spent fuel pool (SFP) of NPP Temelin ⇒ Created for analysis of temperature distribution in spent fuel pool in normal and abnormal operation conditions by company TES s.r.o in cooperation with FME CTU in Prague
- Summer 2011 – measurement of vertical temperatures profiles during shutdown at 1. Unit NPP Temelin by TES s.r.o
- Spring 2012 – validation of CFD model based on measured data by CTU in Prague

Spent fuel pool description

- Overall volume 1050 m³ (14,5 x 6 x 15,5 m)
- Storage spent fuel in compact storage grid
- Division to three sections – B01, B02, B03



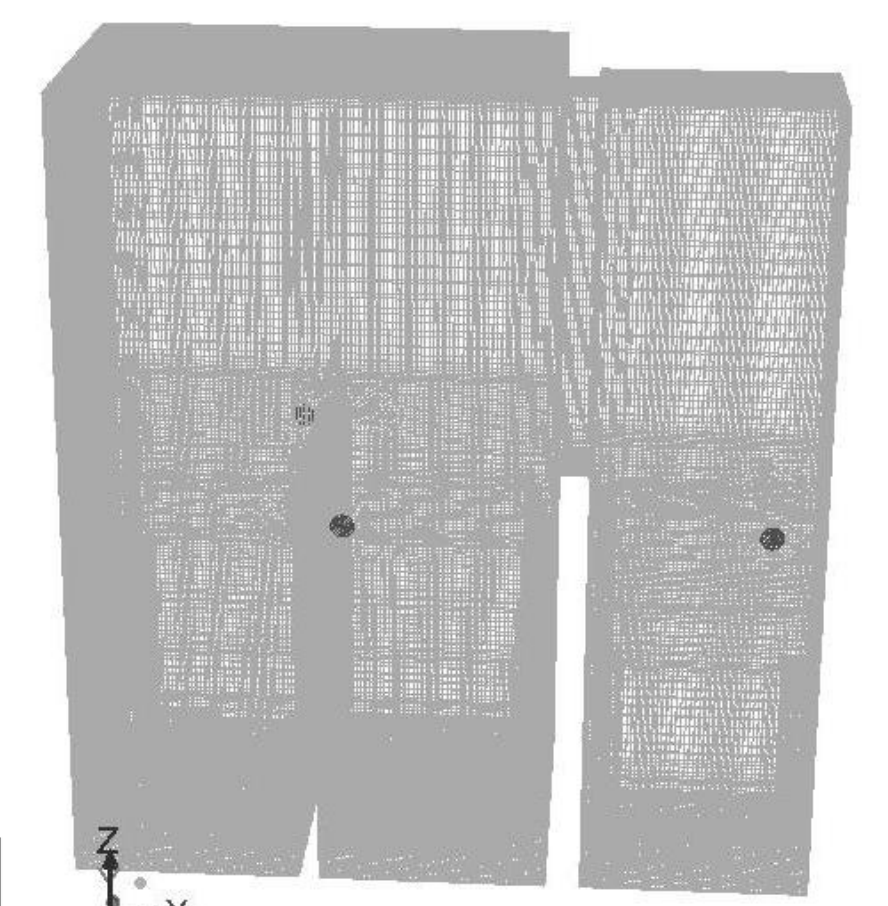
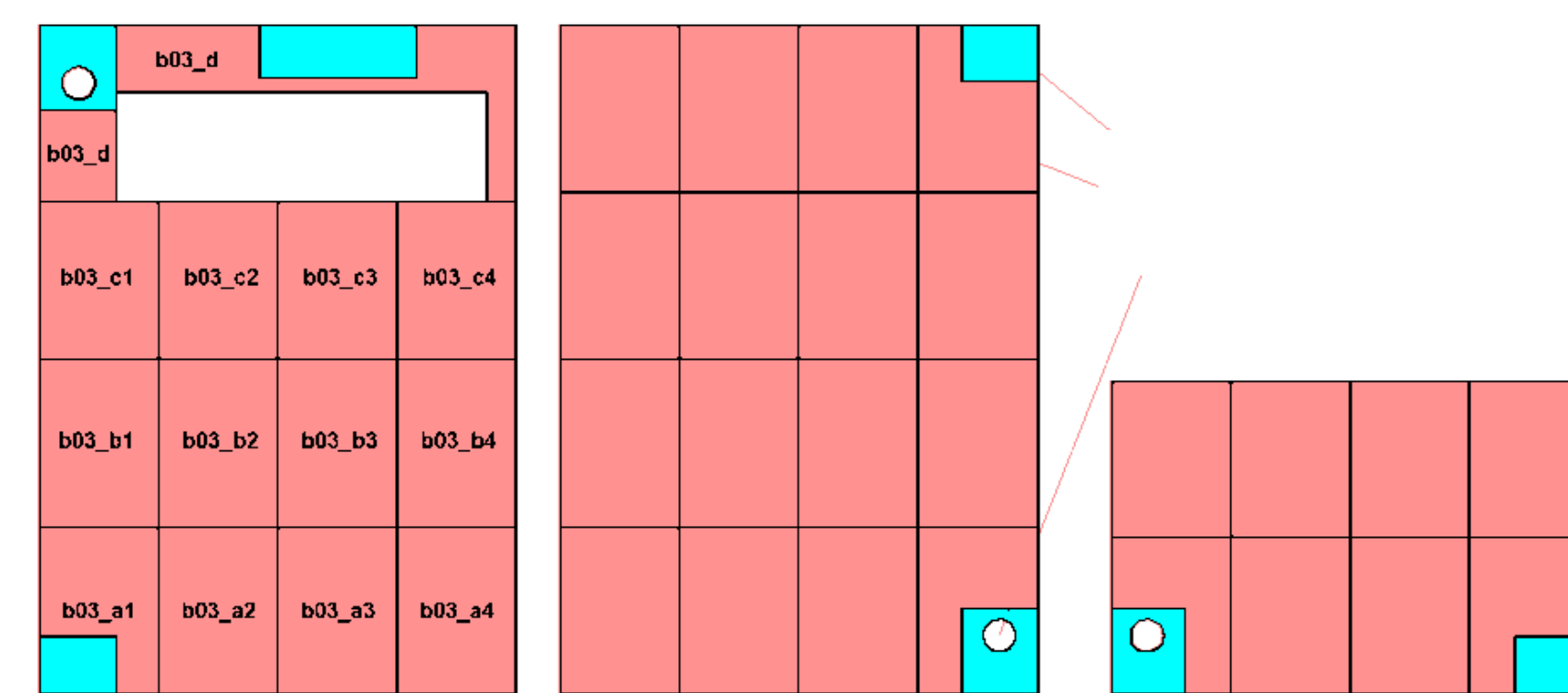
Disposition of NPP Temelin spent fuel pool



Location of measuring points during validation measurement

Description of CFD model of spent fuel pool

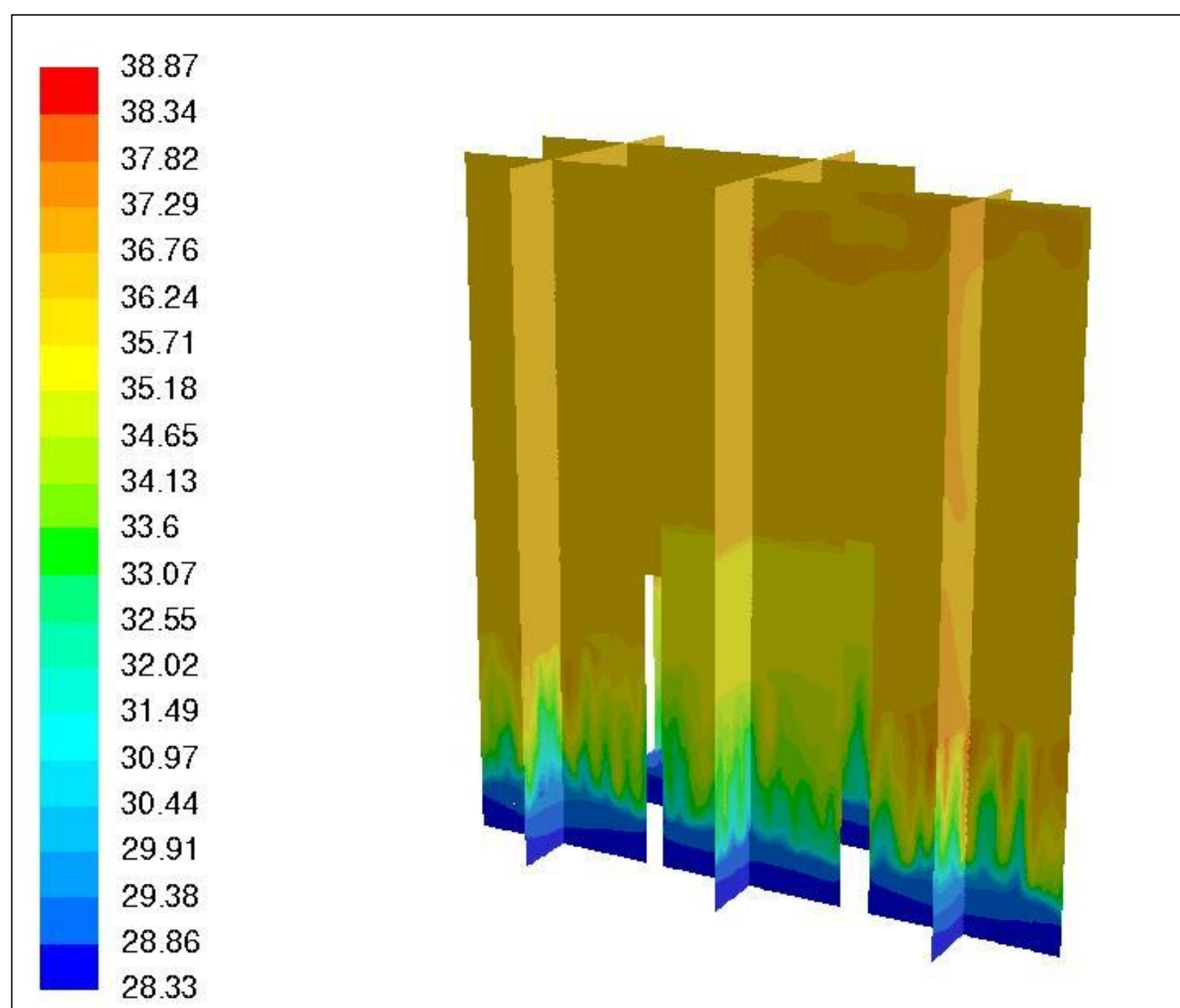
- Number of cells limited to 1 million – computational time
- Large volumes of cells – average length of edges 100 mm
- Application mostly structured grid
- Heat transfer by walls not considered – adiabatic wall
- Heat transfer by water level – 0,9 kW.m⁻²
- In upper part set region with laminar flow
- Significant simplification against reality
- Storage grids modeled like porous zone



CFD model nodalization

Validation calculation

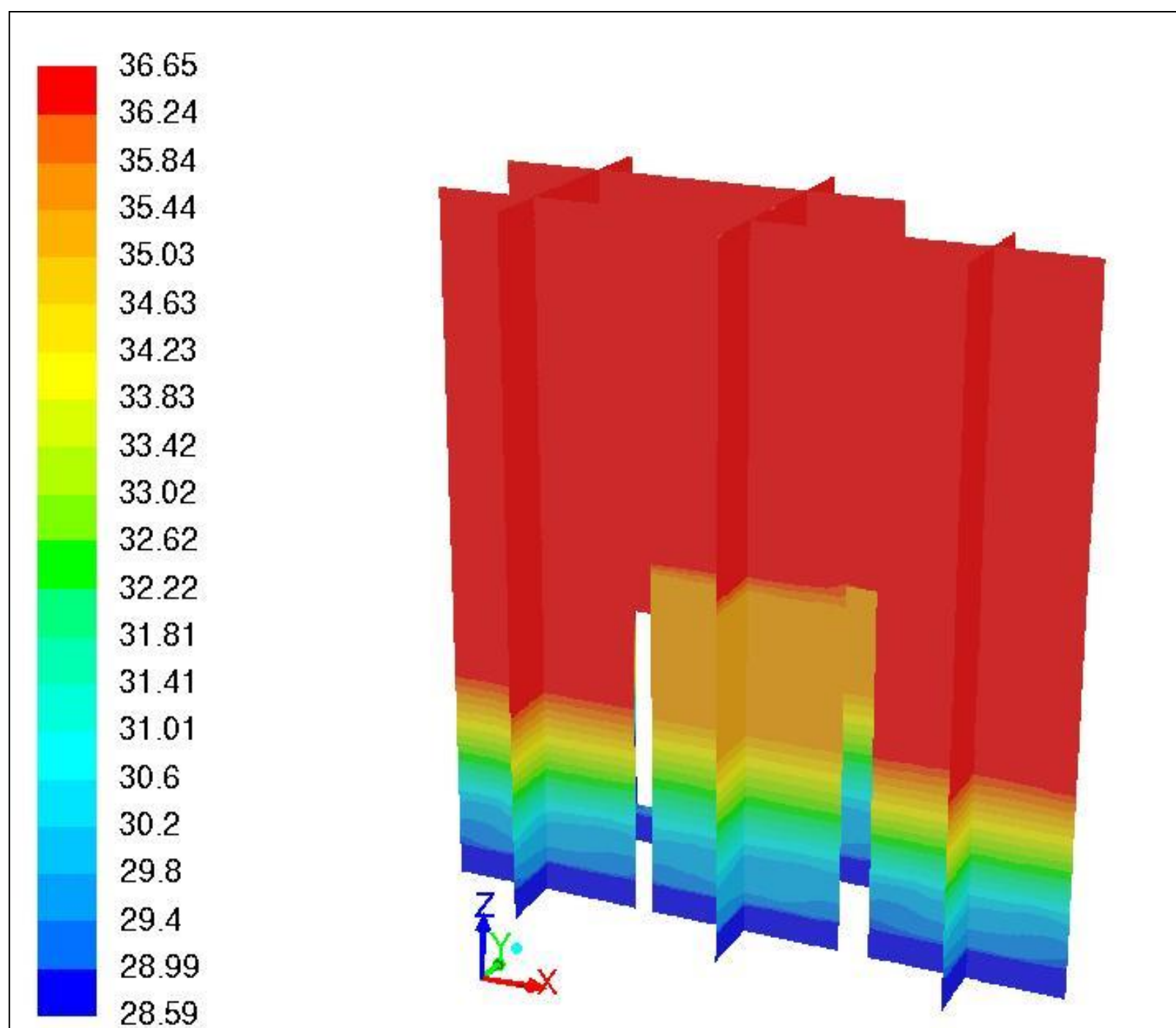
- Problem with divergence of calculation ⇒ calculation in stages with different set of solver and settings laminar flow in upper region



Contours of Total Temperature (c)

ANSYS FLUENT

Results from segregated solver („pressure based“) – pre calculation



Contours of Total Temperature (c)

ANSYS FLUENT

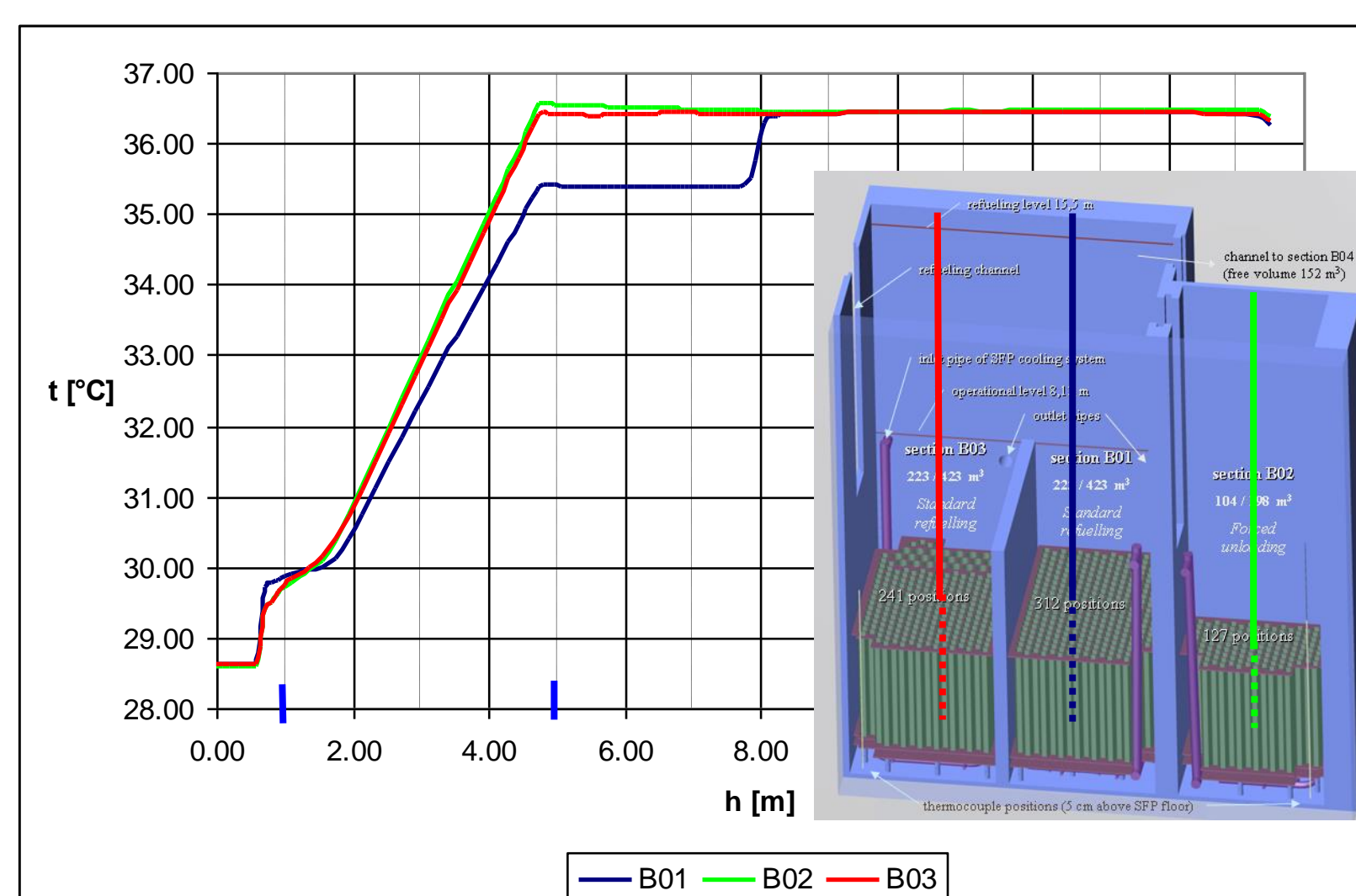
Results from implicit solver („density based“) – final calculation

Final computation strategy

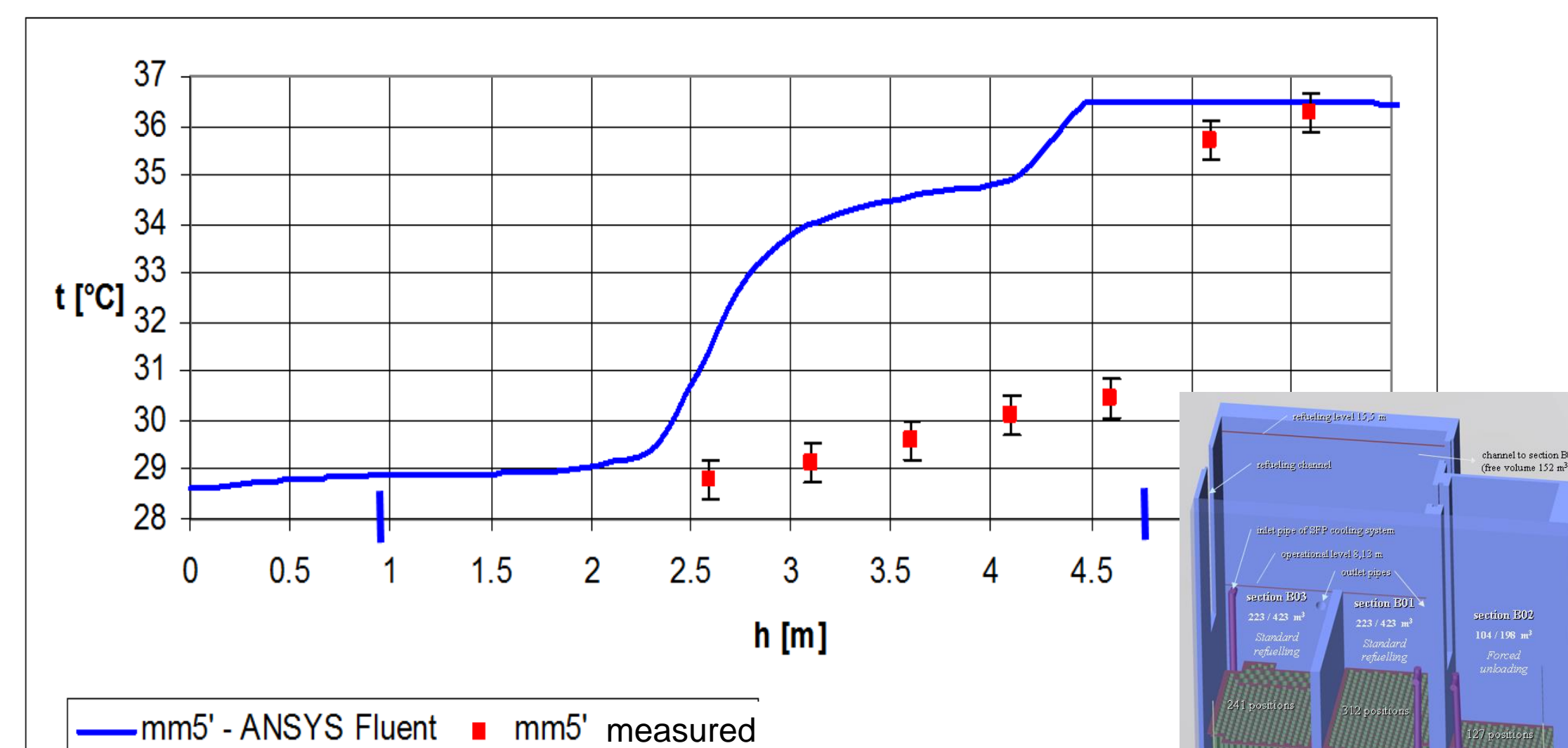
iteration interval	accuracy of computation	turbulence solver	„courant number“
0 – 5 000	normal	„pressure based“	-
5 000 – 50 000	„double precision“	„pressure based“	-
50 000 – 100 000	„double precision“	„density based“	0,5
100 000 – 130 000	„double precision“	„density based“	2

Computation was provide on 8 quad-core processors AMD Opteron 8354 – 2,2 GHz. Time of computation 1040 hours machine time

Results of validation computation of CFD model



Temperature in the center of pool sections



Temperature in the corner channel – measuring point mmp5 – measuring point with worst accordance model and measured data

Conclusion to existing CFD model:

- In area of corner channel is model described insufficiently.
- In area of storage grid is assume good accordance model with reality.
- In area up the storage grid was confirm good accordance model with reality

Conclusion to improve the CFD model:

- Better settings heat transfer between corner channel and storage grid
- Refining the CFD grid in corner channel area
- Searching a use better model of turbulences which better describe flow conditions in spent fuel pool

Acknowledgment

This work was supported by the Grant Agency of the Czech Technical University in Prague, grant No. SGS13/133/OHK2/2T/12

- Ing. Pavel Zácha, Ph.D.
- Ing. Martin Blaha (TES s.r.o)

Contact

ondrej.burian@fs.cvut.cz